

text2pdf convert text file(s) to pdf.

doc generated from the script with `gendoc`

bash script, version=1.02

Synopsis

`text2pdf [options] [file ...]`

Options: `-h,-help` Print this help and exit `-H,-Help` Print full documentation via less and exit `-V,-version` Print version and exit

<code>-b,--batch=s</code>	Page selection, see <code>vpp</code> .
<code>-c,--cols=i</code>	No. of columns on the page, default: 1.
<code>-f,--font=s</code>	TTF or OTF type font to use; default: <code>UnifontMedium</code>
<code>-l,--lscape</code>	Print landscape; default: portrait
<code>-n,--number</code>	Number the lines; default: no numbering
<code>-p,--page</code>	Start each file on a new page.
<code>-s,--size=f</code>	Fontsize; default: 10.
<code>--tabstop=i</code>	Have tabs <code>i</code> characters apart, not 8.
<code>-t,--title</code>	Print a counter plus the file name before the output of each file.

Description

text2pdf converts one or more text files to pdf. You can print the text in up to 9 columns (default: 1), in any font size (default: 10). The font used by default is `UnifontMedium`. You can start each file on a new page and introduce each file with a numbered header containing its name; and you can number the lines.

Options

`--help`
prints short help information.

`-Help`
Prints full documentation /via/ less.

`--batch=commands`
this option is passed to `vpp`, so that no preview is presented and the user will not be asked which pages will have to be printed, if any. So to print all pages without previewing you can type:

`text2pdf --batch=a somefile`

`--title`
the text of each file will be preceded with a header line containing a counter followed by the file name.

--page

the text of each file will start on a new page.

--cols=n

the output will be printed in |n| columns, where n=1-9, default: 1. This is useful, for example, for printing a file listing.

--size=f

set the point size to f, default: 10.

--font=NAME

changes the font to NAME, which must be the PostScript name of an available TTF or OTF font. The default (probably in your distro) is **UnifontMedium**. Be sure to choose a font that contains all characters occurring in your file. You probably also want the font to be monospaced.

--number

lines will be numbered.

--tabstop=n

tabs will be expanded to n spaces. The default is 8.

--squeeze

multiple empty lines will be squeezed to a single empty line.

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