

## Output

HOL-4 [Kananaskis 10 (stdknl, built Wed Sep 16 15:14:55 2015)]

For introductory HOL help, type: help "hol";  
To exit type <Control>-D

Poly/ML 5.5.1 Release

```
>
val _ = HOL_Interactive.toggle_quietdec();
```

```
val _ = load "lcsymtacs";
open lcsymtacs;
```

```
(* open dependent theories *)
```

```
val _ = load "primesTheory";
open primesTheory;
```

```
open arithmeticTheory dividesTheory logrootTheory;
```

```
val _ = HOL_Interactive.toggle_quietdec();
```

```
>
```

```
(* Press SPACE bar to continue *)
```

```
(* ----- *)
```

```
(* Primality Testing based on SQRT *)
```

```
(* ----- *)
```

```
val _ = set_mapped_fixity { term_name = "divides", fixity = Infix(NONASSOC, 450),
                           tok = UTF8.chr 0x2223 };
```

```
# > (* val _ = overload_on (UTF8.chr 0x2224, ``\m n. ~(m divides n)``); *)
```

```
(* val _ = set_fixity (UTF8.chr 0x2224) (Infix(NONASSOC, 450)); *)
```

```
(* Primality Testing by factors up to square root. *)
```

```
(* Theorem:
```

```
Given a number p, it is prime iff it has no divisors up to SQRT p.
```

```
*)
```

```
(* Sounds reasonable? *)
```

```
(* Formulate the theorem *)
```

```
g `!p. prime p <=> !q. q <= SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p)`;
```

```
# # # val it =
```

```
Proof manager status: 1 proof.
```

```
1. Incomplete goalstack:
```

```
Initial goal:
```

```

$$\forall p. \text{prime } p \Leftrightarrow \forall q. q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$$

```

```
:
```

```
proofs
```

```
>
```

```
(* First, separate the if-part and only-if parts: *)
```

```
e (rw[EQ_IMP_THM]); (* >> *)
```

```
OK..
```

```
<<HOL message: Initialising SRW simpset ... done>>
```

```
2 subgoals:
```

```
val it =
```

```
prime p
```

```

$$\forall q. q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$$

```

```

$$\neg(q \mid p)$$

```

```

-----
0. prime p
1. q ≤ SQRT p

2 subgoals
:
  proof
>
(* This gives two cases, work on the first one *)
(* Very odd to prove a negation, so try the following: *)
e (spose_not_then_strip_assume_tac); (* by contradiction *)
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

F

```

```

-----
0. prime p
1. q ≤ SQRT p
2. q | p
:
  proof
>
(* Recall the prime definition: *)
prime_def;
val it =
  ⊢ ∀a. prime a ⇔ a ≠ 1 ∧ ∀b. b | a ⇒ (b = a) ∨ (b = 1):
  thm
>
(* This helps us to assert: *)
e ( `(q = p) \ / (q = 1)` by metis_tac[prime_def]); (* >> *)
OK..
metis: r[+0+11]+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#
2 subgoals:
val it =

F

```

```

-----
0. prime p
1. q ≤ SQRT p
2. q | p
3. q = 1

```

F

```

-----
0. prime p
1. q ≤ SQRT p
2. q | p
3. q = p

```

```

2 subgoals
:
  proof
>
(* This gives two subcases, one for each possibility. *)

(* The first case: q = p, gives p ≤ SQRT p *)
(* Usually SQRT gives a smaller value, but here a value is bounded by its square root! *)
(* This is quite unusual, and the only possible values for p will be given by: *)
SQRT_GE_SELF;
val it =
  ⊢ ∀n. n ≤ SQRT n ⇔ (n = 0) ∨ (n = 1):
  thm
>
(* But we also have: *)
ONE_LT_PRIME;
val it = ⊢ ∀p. prime p ⇒ 1 < p: thm

```

```
> (* so we can derive a contradiction by: *)
```

```
e (`1 < p` by rw[ONE_LT_PRIME]);
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1.  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$   
2.  $q \mid p$   
3.  $q = p$   
4.  $1 < p$ 
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
e (`p <> 0 /\ p <> 1` by decide_tac);
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1.  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$   
2.  $q \mid p$   
3.  $q = p$   
4.  $1 < p$   
5.  $p \neq 0$   
6.  $p \neq 1$ 
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
(* Now derive the contradiction. *)  
e (metis_tac[SQRT_GE_SELF]); (* << *)
```

```
OK..
```

```
metis: r[+0+11]+0+1+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....]  $\vdash$  F
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....]  $\vdash$  F
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....]  $\vdash$  F
```

```
Remaining subgoals:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1.  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$   
2.  $q \mid p$   
3.  $q = 1$ 
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
(* Putting  $q = 1$  into  $q$  divides  $p$  is valid, due to: *)  
ONE_DIVIDES_ALL;
```

```
val it =  $\vdash \forall a. 1 \mid a$ : thm
```

```
>  
(* Putting  $q = 1$  into  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$  is also valid, due to SQRT is monotonic and: *)  
ONE_LT_PRIME;
```

```
val it =  $\vdash \forall p. \text{prime } p \Rightarrow 1 < p$ : thm
```

```
>
```

```
(* There is no hope of deriving a contradiction. *)
(* The theorem as stated is false: testing should start with 1 < q *)
(* Throw away the theorem. *)
```

```
drop();
```

```
OK..
```

```
val it = There are currently no proofs.: proofs
```

```
> (* Reformulate the theorem. *)
```

```
g `!p. prime p <=> !q. 1 < q /\ q <= SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p)`;
```

```
val it =
```

```
Proof manager status: 1 proof.
```

```
1. Incomplete goalstack:
```

```
Initial goal:
```

```
 $\forall p. \text{prime } p \Leftrightarrow \forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 
```

```
:
```

```
proofs
```

```
>
```

```
(* Repeat the previous steps: *)
```

```
e (rw[EQ_IMP_THM]); (* >> *)
```

```
OK..
```

```
2 subgoals:
```

```
val it =
```

```
prime p
```

```
-----  
 $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 
```

```
 $\neg(q \mid p)$ 
```

```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p
```

```
2 subgoals
```

```
:
```

```
proof
```

```
>
```

```
e (spose_not_then_strip_assume_tac); (* by contradiction *)
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p  
3. q | p
```

```
:
```

```
proof
```

```
>
```

```
e (`q <> 1` by decide_tac);
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p  
3. q | p  
4. q ≠ 1
```

```
:
```

```
proof
```

```
>
```

```
(* Now we can assert  $q \neq 1$ , due to  $1 < q$ . *)
```

```
e (`q = p` by metis_tac[prime_def]);
```

```
OK..
```

```
metis: r[+0+12]+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p  
3. q | p  
4. q ≠ 1  
5. q = p
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
e (`1 < p` by rw[ONE_LT_PRIME]);
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p  
3. q | p  
4. q ≠ 1  
5. q = p  
6. 1 < p
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
e (`p <> 0 /\ p <> 1` by decide_tac);
```

```
OK..
```

```
1 subgoal:
```

```
val it =
```

```
F
```

- ```
-----  
0. prime p  
1. 1 < q  
2. q ≤ SQRT p  
3. q | p  
4. q ≠ 1  
5. q = p  
6. 1 < p  
7. p ≠ 0  
8. p ≠ 1
```

```
:  
proof
```

```
>  
e (metis_tac[SQRT_GE_SELF]); (* << *)
```

```
OK..
```

```
metis: r[+0+11]+0+0+1+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....] ⊢ F
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....] ⊢ F
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....] ⊢ F
```

```
Goal proved.
```

```
[.....] ⊢ F
```

Goal proved.

[...] ⊢ F

Goal proved.

[...] ⊢ ¬(q | p)

Remaining subgoals:

val it =

prime p

```
-----  
  ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p)  
:  
  proof  
>  
(* case: (!q. 1 < q /\ q ≤ SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p)) ==> prime p *)  
(* Expand this by definition of prime to see what needs to be proved: *)  
e (rw[prime_def]); (* >> *)
```

OK..

2 subgoals:

val it =

(b = p) ∨ (b = 1)

```
-----  
0.  ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p)  
1.  b | p
```

p ≠ 1

```
-----  
  ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p)
```

2 subgoals

:

proof

>

```
(* case: (!q. 1 < q /\ q ≤ SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p)) ==> p <> 1 *)  
(* By contradiction again. *)  
e (spose_not_then_strip_assume_tac); (* by contradiction *)
```

OK..

1 subgoal:

val it =

F

```
-----  
0.  ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p)  
1.  p = 1
```

:

proof

>

```
(* Since SQRT 1 = 1 *)
```

```
EVAL ``SQRT 1``;
```

```
val it = ⊢ SQRT 1 = 1: thm
```

```
> (* The condition reduces to: !q. 1 < q /\ q ≤ 1 ==> ~(q divides 1) *)
```

```
(* which says: for all q such that 1 < q /\ q < 2 -- there is no such q! *)
```

```
(* Again, the stated theorem is false: need to check p > 1. *)
```

```
(* Throw away the theorem. *)
```

```
drop();
```

OK..

```
val it = There are currently no proofs.: proofs
```

```
> (* Reformulate the theorem. *)
```

```
g `!p. prime p <=> 1 < p /\ !q. 1 < q /\ q ≤ SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p)`;
```

```
val it =
```

```
Proof manager status: 1 proof.
```

1. Incomplete goalstack:

Initial goal:

$\forall p. \text{prime } p \Leftrightarrow 1 < p \wedge \forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$

```
:
  proofs
>
(* Repeat the previous steps: *)
e (rw[EQ_IMP_THM]); (* >> 3 *)
OK..
3 subgoals:
val it =

prime p
-----
0. 1 < p
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 

 $\neg(q \mid p)$ 
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2.  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$ 

1 < p
-----
  prime p
3 subgoals
:
  proof
>
(* There are 3 subgoals, the first one is easy: *)
(* case: prime p ==> 1 < p *)
e (rw[ONE_LT_PRIME]); (* << *)
OK..

Goal proved.
[.]  $\vdash 1 < p$ 

Remaining subgoals:
val it =

prime p
-----
0. 1 < p
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 

 $\neg(q \mid p)$ 
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2.  $q \leq \text{SQRT } p$ 

2 subgoals
:
  proof
>
(* case: prime p /\ 1 < q /\ q <= SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p) *)
(* We've seen this before. *)
e (spose_not_then_strip_assume_tac); (* by contradiction *)
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

F
```

```

-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2. q ≤ SQRT p
3. q | p
:
  proof
>
e (`q <> 1` by decide_tac); (* since 1 < q *)
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

```

```

F
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2. q ≤ SQRT p
3. q | p
4. q ≠ 1
:
  proof
>
e (`q = p` by metis_tac[prime_def]); (* since q divides p *)
OK..
metis: r[+0+12]+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#
1 subgoal:
val it =

```

```

F
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2. q ≤ SQRT p
3. q | p
4. q ≠ 1
5. q = p
:
  proof
>
(* This makes p ≤ SQRT p, prepare to contradict SQRT_GE_SELF. *)
e (`1 < p` by rw[ONE_LT_PRIME]);
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

```

```

F
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2. q ≤ SQRT p
3. q | p
4. q ≠ 1
5. q = p
6. 1 < p
:
  proof
>
e (`p <> 0 /\ p <> 1` by decide_tac); (* since 1 < p *)
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

```

```

F
-----
0. prime p
1. 1 < q
2. q ≤ SQRT p
3. q | p

```



```

4.  $q \neq 1$ 
5.  $q = p$ 
6.  $1 < p$ 
7.  $p \neq 0$ 
8.  $p \neq 1$ 
:
  proof
>
e (metis_tac[SQRT_GE_SELF]); (* << SQRT_GE_SELF would give: (p = 0) \ / (p = 1) *)
OK..
metis: r[+0+11]+0+1+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#

```

```

Goal proved.
[.....]  $\vdash F$ 

```

```

Goal proved.
[.....]  $\vdash F$ 

```

```

Goal proved.
[.....]  $\vdash F$ 

```

```

Goal proved.
[.....]  $\vdash F$ 

```

```

Goal proved.
[.....]  $\vdash F$ 

```

```

Goal proved.
[...]  $\vdash \neg(q \mid p)$ 

```

```

Remaining subgoals:
val it =

```

```

prime p
-----

```

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$

```

:
  proof
>
(* case: 1 < p /\ !q. 1 < q /\ q <= SQRT p ==> ~(q divides p) ==> prime p *)
(* Expand by prime definition. *)
e (rw[prime_def]); (* >> *)
OK..

```

```

2 subgoals:
val it =

```

```

(b = p)  $\vee$  (b = 1)
-----

```

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
2.  $b \mid p$

```

p  $\neq$  1
-----

```

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$

```

2 subgoals
:

```

```

  proof
>

```

```

(* There are 2 subcases, first one simple: *)
(* case: 1 < p ==> p <> 1 *)
e (decide_tac); (* << *)
OK..

```

Goal proved.

[.] ⊢  $p \neq 1$

Remaining subgoals:

val it =

$(b = p) \vee (b = 1)$

```
-----
0. 1 < p
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 
2.  $b \mid p$ 
:
proof
>
(* case: b divides p ==> (b = p) \\/ (b = 1) *)
(* By contradiction, *)
e (spose_not_then_strip_assume_tac); (* by contradiction *)
```

OK..

1 subgoal:

val it =

```
F
-----
0. 1 < p
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 
2.  $b \mid p$ 
3.  $b \neq p$ 
4.  $b \neq 1$ 
```

```
:
proof
>
(* What is divides? *)
divides_def;
val it =
  ⊢  $\forall a b. a \mid b \Leftrightarrow \exists q. b = q * a$ :
  thm
>
(* So apply this definition. *)
e (`?a. p = a * b` by rw[GSYM divides_def]);
```

OK..

1 subgoal:

val it =

```
F
-----
0. 1 < p
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$ 
2.  $b \mid p$ 
3.  $b \neq p$ 
4.  $b \neq 1$ 
5.  $p = a * b$ 
```

```
:
proof
>
(* With n expressed as a product of two factors, we can use: *)
two_factors_property;
val it =
  ⊢  $\forall n a b. (n = a * b) \Rightarrow a \leq \text{SQRT } n \vee b \leq \text{SQRT } n$ :
  thm
>
(* pause *)
e (`a <= SQRT p \\/ b <= SQRT p` by rw[two_factors_property]); (* >> *)
```

OK..

2 subgoals:

val it =

```
F
-----
```

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
2.  $b \mid p$
3.  $b \neq p$
4.  $b \neq 1$
5.  $p = a * b$
6.  $b \leq \text{SQRT } p$

F

- 
0.  $1 < p$
  1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
  2.  $b \mid p$
  3.  $b \neq p$
  4.  $b \neq 1$
  5.  $p = a * b$
  6.  $a \leq \text{SQRT } p$

2 subgoals

:

proof

>

(\* This gives 2 subcases. \*)  
 (\* First case:  $a \leq \text{SQRT } p \implies F$  \*)  
 (\* Clearly,  $a$  divides  $p$ , by definition. \*)  
 e (`a divides p` by metis\_tac[divides\_def, MULT\_COMM]);

OK..

metis: r[+0+12]+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1+1#

1 subgoal:

val it =

F

- 
0.  $1 < p$
  1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
  2.  $b \mid p$
  3.  $b \neq p$
  4.  $b \neq 1$
  5.  $p = a * b$
  6.  $a \leq \text{SQRT } p$
  7.  $a \mid p$

:

proof

>

(\* The aim is to put  $a$  as  $q$  in the implication, to have  $\sim(a \text{ divides } p)$ , a contradiction. \*)  
 e (`a <> 1` by metis\_tac[MULT\_LEFT\_1]); (\* since  $p = a * b$ ,  $b <> p$  \*)

OK..

metis: r[+0+11]#

1 subgoal:

val it =

F

- 
0.  $1 < p$
  1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
  2.  $b \mid p$
  3.  $b \neq p$
  4.  $b \neq 1$
  5.  $p = a * b$
  6.  $a \leq \text{SQRT } p$
  7.  $a \mid p$
  8.  $a \neq 1$

:

proof

>

e (`p <> 0` by decide\_tac); (\* since  $1 < p$  \*)

OK..



Goal proved.  
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.  
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.  
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.  
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.  
[.....] ⊢ F

Remaining subgoals:  
val it =

F

-----

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
2.  $b \mid p$
3.  $b \neq p$
4.  $b \neq 1$
5.  $p = a * b$
6.  $b \leq \text{SQRT } p$

:

proof

>

(\* Second case:  $b \leq \text{SQRT } p \implies F$  \*)  
(\* Already has b divides p. \*)  
(\* The aim is to put b as q in the implication, to have  $\neg(b \text{ divides } p)$ , a contradiction. \*)  
e (`p <> 0` by decide\_tac); (\* since  $1 < p$  \*)

OK..

1 subgoal:

val it =

F

-----

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
2.  $b \mid p$
3.  $b \neq p$
4.  $b \neq 1$
5.  $p = a * b$
6.  $b \leq \text{SQRT } p$
7.  $p \neq 0$

:

proof

>

e (`b <> 0` by metis\_tac[MULT\_0]); (\* since  $p = a * b$  \*)

OK..

metis: r[+0+10]+0+0+0#

1 subgoal:

val it =

F

-----

0.  $1 < p$
1.  $\forall q. 1 < q \wedge q \leq \text{SQRT } p \Rightarrow \neg(q \mid p)$
2.  $b \mid p$
3.  $b \neq p$
4.  $b \neq 1$
5.  $p = a * b$
6.  $b \leq \text{SQRT } p$
7.  $p \neq 0$

```

8. b ≠ 0
:
  proof
>
e (1 < b by decide_tac); (* since b <> 0, b <> 1 *)
OK..
1 subgoal:
val it =

F
-----
0. 1 < p
1. ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p)
2. b | p
3. b ≠ p
4. b ≠ 1
5. p = a * b
6. b ≤ SQRT p
7. p ≠ 0
8. b ≠ 0
9. 1 < b
:
  proof
>
e (metis_tac[]); (* << by putting q = b in implication *)
OK..
metis: r[+0+11]+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+0+1#

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[.....] ⊢ F

Goal proved.
[...] ⊢ (b = p) ∨ (b = 1)

Goal proved.
[..] ⊢ prime p
val it =
  Initial goal proved.
⊢ ∀p. prime p ⇔ 1 < p ∧ ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p):
  proof
>
(* Name the theorem, then drop the proof. *)
val prime_by_sqrt_factors = save_thm("prime_by_sqrt_factors", top_thm());
val prime_by_sqrt_factors =
  ⊢ ∀p. prime p ⇔ 1 < p ∧ ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p):
  thm
>
drop();
OK..
val it = There are currently no proofs.: proofs
> (* The named theorem remains: *)
prime_by_sqrt_factors;
val it =

```

```
⊢ ∀p. prime p ⇔ 1 < p ∧ ∀q. 1 < q ∧ q ≤ SQRT p ⇒ ¬(q | p):
```

```
thm
```

```
>
```

```
(* That's how an interactive theorem-prover works! *)
```

```
(* Bye! *)
```

```
Session Terminated.
```

```
- Goodnight.
```

**Input**

Type your input here.

**Info**

```
[load script=[primes-demo.hol]] wait [0 ms]
```